

for Construction Prague Prosecká 811/76a 190 00 Prague Czech Republic eota@tzus.cz





European Technical Assessment

ETA 14/0295 of 21/08/2014

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA and designated according to Article 29 of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011	Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague
Trade name of the construction product	Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS galvanized or stainless steel bonded anchor
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Product area code: 33 Bonded injection type anchor for use in non-cracked concrete
Manufacturer	Ripple Construction Products Pvt. Ltd. 303&403, Royal Arcadia, Above SBI Bank, Balkampet Main Road, S.R. Nagar, Hyderabad - 500 038 Andhra Pradesh, India
Manufacturing plant	Ripple Plant A
This European Technical Assessment contains	14 pages including 10 Annexes which form an integral part of this assessment
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of	ETAG 001-Part 1 and Part 5, edition 2013, used as European Assessment Document (EAD)

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full (excepted the confidential Annex(es) referred to above). However, partial reproduction may be made, with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body - Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague. Any partial reproduction has to be identified as such

1. Technical description of the product

The Ripple P Fix FS, Ripple P Fix EC (faster curing time) and Ripple P Fix (extended curing time) with steel elements is bonded anchor (injection type).

Steel elements can be galvanized or stainless steel.

Steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar. The steel element is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete. The anchor is intended to be used with embedment depth from 8 diameters to 12 diameters.

The illustration and the description of the product are given in Annex A.

2. Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3. Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance for tension loads	See Annex C 1
Characteristic resistance for shear loads	See Annex C 2
Displacement	See Annex C 3

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	No performance determined

3.3 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances contained in this European Technical Assessment, there may be requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

For basic requirement safety in use the same criteria are valid as for Basic Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.

3.5 **Protection against noise (BWR 5)**

Not relevant.

3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

Not relevant.

3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

For the sustainable use of natural resources no performance was determined for this product.

3.8 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and serviceability are only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B 1 are kept.

4. Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied with reference to its legal base

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission¹ the system of assessment verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table apply.

Product	Intended use	Level or class	System
Metal anchors for use in concrete	For fixing and/or supporting to concrete, structural elements (which contributes to the stability of the works) or heavy units	-	1

5. Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided in the applicable EAD

5.1 Tasks of the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall ensure that the product is in conformity with this European Technical Assessment.

The manufacturer may only use raw materials stated in the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is a part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Technický a zkušební ústav stavební Praha, s.p.² The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is notified for the tasks referred to in section 4 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 5.2. For this purpose, the control plan referred to in this section and section 5.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the notified body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of performance, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment.

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

² The control plan is a confidential part of the documentation of the European Technical Assessment, but not published together with the ETA and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of AVCP.

5.2 Tasks of the notified bodies

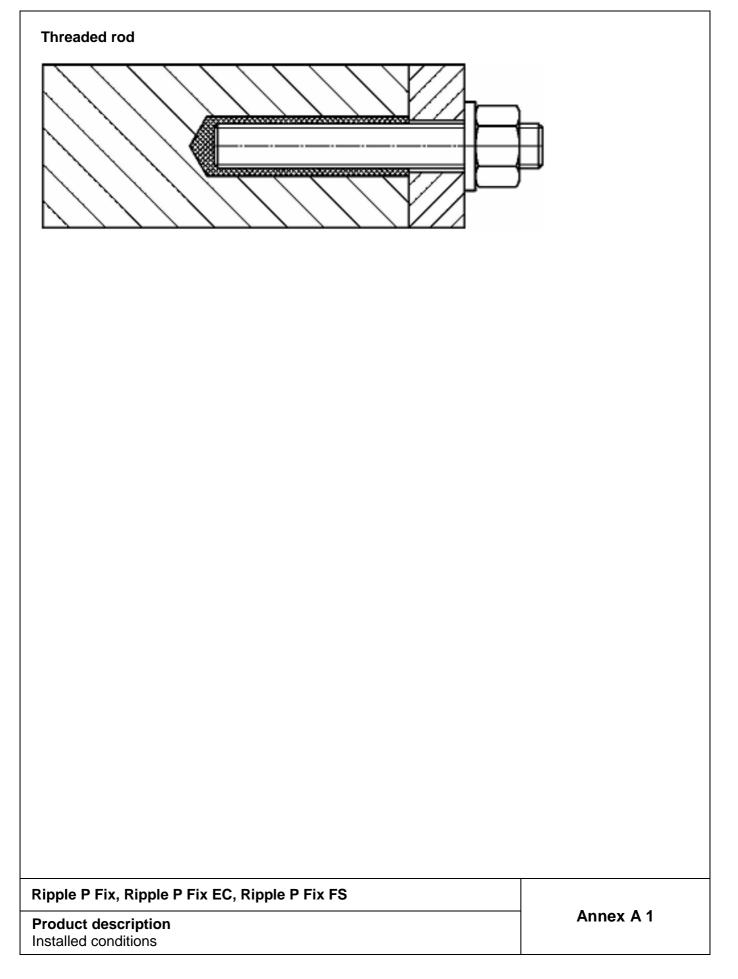
The notified body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

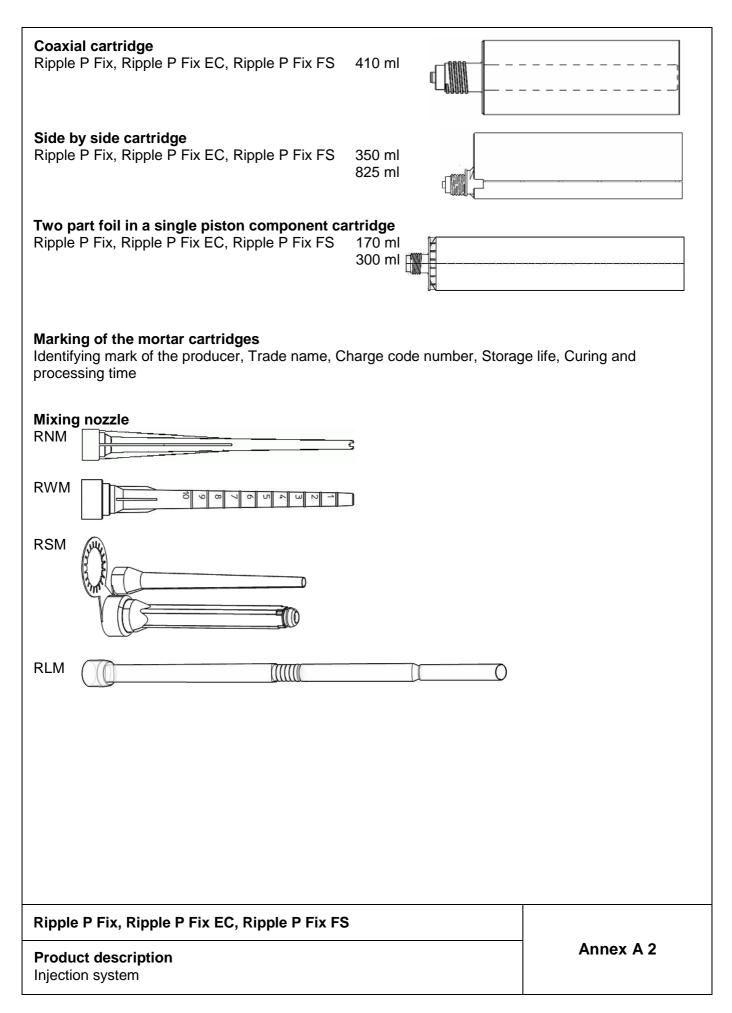
The notified certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an certificate of constancy of performance of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment.

In cases where the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the notified body shall withdraw the certificate of constancy of performance and inform Technický a zkušební ústav stavební Praha, s.p without delay.

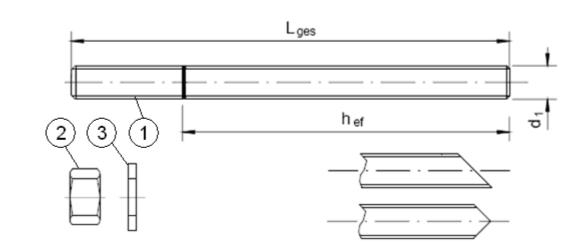
Issued in Prague on 21.08.2014

signed by Ing. Václav Hadrava Head of the department Technical Assessment Body





Threaded rod M8, M10, M12, M16, M20, M24



Standard commercial threaded rod with marked embedment depth

Part	Designation	Material
-	zinc plated \ge 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 40	
Steel,	Hot-dip galvanized ≥ 40 µm acc. to E	N ISO 1461 and EN ISO 10684
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 5.8, 8.8, 10.9* EN ISO 898-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod, EN 20898-2
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
Stainl	ess steel	
1	Anchor rod	Material: A4-70, A4-80, EN ISO 3506
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
High	corrosion resistant steel 1.4529	
1	Anchor rod	Material: 1.4529, EN 10088-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod

*Galvanized rod of high strength are sensitive to hydrogen induced brittle failure

Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS

Product description

Threaded rod and materials

Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

• Static and quasi-static load.

Base materials

- Non-cracked concrete.
- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at maximum according EN 206-1:2000-12.

Temperature range:

• -40°C to +80°C (max. short. term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C)

Use conditions (Environmental conditions)

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure including industrial and marine environment, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal condition, with particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistance steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Use categories:

• Category 2 – installation in dry, wet concrete or flooded hole.

Design:

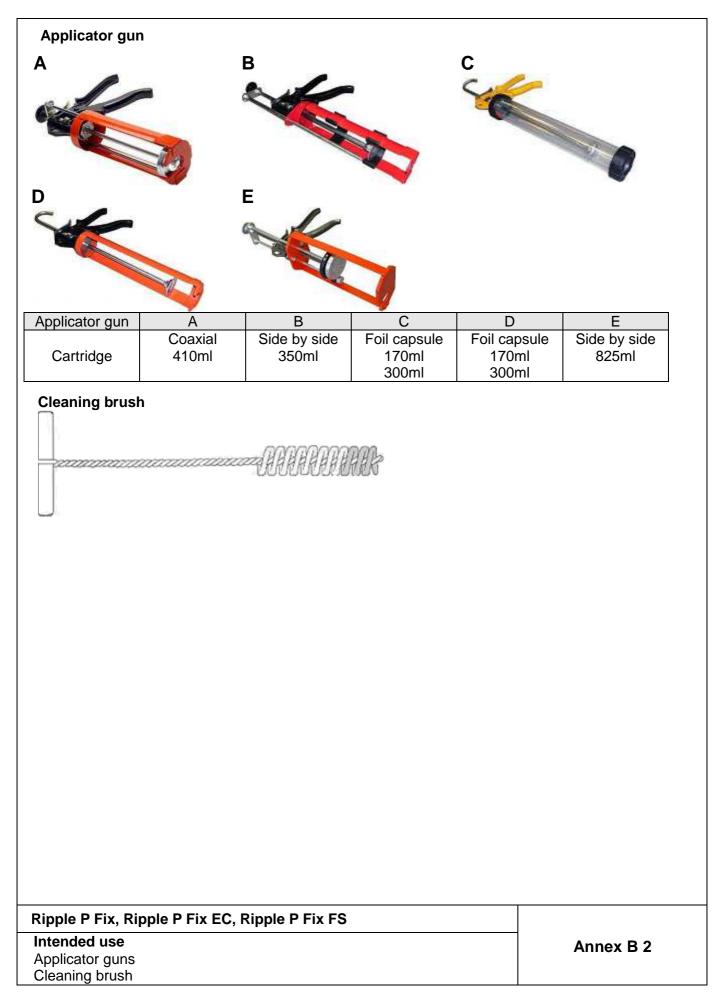
- The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete or flooded hole.
- Hole drilling by rotary drill mode.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.

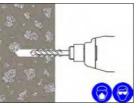
Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS

Intended use Specifications



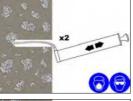
Installation procedure

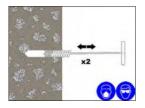
 Drill the hole to the correct diameter and depth. This can be done with either a rotary percussion or rotary hammer drilling machine depending upon the substrate.

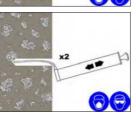


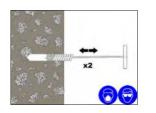
 Thoroughly clean the hole in the following sequence using the Ripple Brush with the required extensions and Ripple Blow Pump.

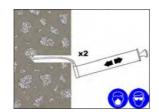
Blow Clean x2. Brush Clean x2. Blow Clean x2. Brush Clean x2. Blow Clean x2.









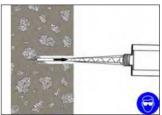


If the hole collects water after the initial cleaning this water must be removed before injecting the resin.

- 3. Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle for the installation, open the cartridge/foil and screw onto the mouth of the cartridge. Insert the cartridge into the correct applicator gun.
- 4. Extrude the first part of the cartridge to waste until an even colour has been achieved without streaking in the resin.



- 5. If necessary, cut the extension tube to the depth of the hole and push onto the end of the mixer nozzle, and (for threaded bar 16mm dia. or more) fit the correct resin stopper to the other end. Attach extension tubing and resin stopper.
- Insert the mixer nozzle (resin stopper / extension tube if applicable) to the bottom of the hole. Begin to extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the mixer nozzle from the hole ensuring that there are no air voids as the mixer

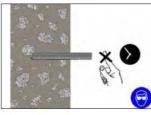


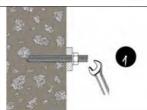
nozzle is withdrawn. Fill the hole to approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ full and remove the mixer nozzle completely.

7. Insert the clean threaded bar, free from oil or other release agents, to the bottom of the hole using a back and forth twisting motion ensuring all the threads are thoroughly coated. Adjust to the correct position within the stated working time.



- Any excess resin should be expelled from the hole evenly around the steel element showing that the hole is full.
 This excess resin should be removed from around the mouth of the hole before it sets.
- Leave the anchor to cure. Do not disturb the anchor until the appropriate loading/curing time has elapsed depending on the substrate conditions and ambient temperature.
- 10 Attach the fixture and tighten the nut to the recommended torque. **Do not overtighten.**





Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS

Intended use

Installation procedure

Annex B 3

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	
Nominal drill hole diameter	$\operatorname{Ød}_0$	[mm]	10	12	14	18	22	26	
Diameter of cleaning brush	d _b	[mm]	14	14	20	20	29	29	
Torque moment	T _{inst}	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	150	200	
h _{ef,min} = 8d									
Depth of drill hole	h ₀	[mm]	64	80	96	128	160	192	
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96	
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96	
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} -	+ 30 mn	n ≥ 100	mm	h _{ef} +	$h_{ef} + 2d_0$	
h _{ef,max} = 12d									
Depth of drill hole	h ₀	[mm]	96	120	144	192	240	288	
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	50	60	70	95	120	145	
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	50	60	70	95	120	145	
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm			h _{ef} +	- 2d ₀		

Table B2: Cleaning

All diameters
- 2 x blowing
- 2 x brushing
- 2 x blowing
- 2 x brushing
- 2 x blowing

Table B3.2: Minimum curing time Ripple P Fix EC

Resin cartridge temperature [°C]	T Work [mins]	Base material Temperature [°C]	T Load [mins]
min +5	5	-10 to -5	4 hours
11111 +5	5	-5 to +5	125
+5 to +10	3,5	+5 to +10	60
+10 to +20	2	+10 to +20	40
+20 to +25	1,5	+20 to +25	20
+25 to +30	1	+25 to +30	15
+30	1	+30	10

 Table B3.3: Minimum curing time Ripple P Fix FS

Resin cartridge temperature [°C]	T Work [mins]	Base material Temperature [°C]	T Load [mins]
min +5	10	-5 to +5	180
+5 to +10	5	+5 to +10	60
+10 to +20	3	+10 to +20	40
+20 to +25	2,5	+20 to +25	20
+25 to +30	2	+25 to +30	15
+30	2	+30	10

Table B3.4: Minimum curing time Ripple P Fix

	Base material Temperature [°C]	I Load [mins]
30	min +10	5 hours
15	+10 to +20	5 110015
10	+20 to +25	145
7,5	+25 to +30	85
5	+30 to +35	50
3,5	+35 to +40	40
2.5	+40 to +45	35
2,5	+45	12
	15 10 7,5 5	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

T work is typical gel time at highest temperature T load is set at the lowest temperature

Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS

Intended use

Installation parameters Curing time

Table C1: Design method TR 029

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Steel grade 5.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]			1	,5		
Steel grade 8.8	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]	1,5					
Steel grade 10.9	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	37	58	84	157	245	353
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]			1	,4		
Stainless steel grade A4-70	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]			1	,9		
Stainless steel grade A4-80	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]	1,6					
Stainless steel grade 1.4529	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]	1,5					

Characteristic values of resistance to tension load

Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in non-cracked concrete C20/25									
Size				M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete									
Characteristic bond resistance Dry/wet concrete and flooded hole ^{T_{Rk} [N/mm²]}					8	9	9	8	7,5
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$ [-]			[-]			1,8	3 ²⁾		
Factor for concrete	C30/37 C40/45 C50/60	Ψc	[-]	1,12 1,19 1,30					

Splitting failure									
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	
Edge distance	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]	2,0h _{ef}			1,5h _{ef}			
Spacing	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]	4,0h _{ef}			3,0h _{ef}			
Partial safety factor	1) γ _{Msp}	[-]	1,8						

¹⁾ In absence of national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2=1,2$ is included

Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS

Performances

Characteristic resistance for tension loads

Steel failure without lever arm Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24			
Steel grade 5.8	V _{Rk}	s [kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88			
Partial safety factor	<u>γRk</u> γMs	<u>s [KIN]</u>		10		25		00			
Steel grade 8.8	V _{Rk}		15	23	34	63	98	141			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms}	^s [,	10	20		25	00				
Steel grade 10.9	V _{Rk}		18	29	42	79	123	177			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms}		10	20		,5	120				
Stainless steel grade A4-70	V _{Rk}		13	20	30	55	86	124			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms}	⁾ [-]		0		56	00				
Stainless steel grade A4-80	V _{Rk}		15	23	34	63	98	141			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms}	⁽⁾ [-]	10	20		33	00				
Stainless steel grade 1.4529	V _{Rk}	6.4	13	20	30	55	86	124			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms}	^s [,				25		1			
	1 1115				- ,.	-					
Steel failure with lever arm											
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24			
Steel grade 5.8	$M^{o}_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	19	37	66	166	325	561			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]		•	1,	25					
Steel grade 8.8	M ^o _{Rk,s}	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898			
Partial safety factor	γ_{Me}	[-]			1,	25					
Steel grade 10.9	$\frac{M^{o}_{Rk,s}}{\gamma_{Ms}^{1}}$	[N.m]	37	75	131	333	649	1123			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]			1,	50					
Stainless steel grade A4-70	M ^o _{Rk,s}	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} ¹⁾	[-]			1,	56					
Stainless steel grade A4-80	M ^o _{Rk,s}	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898			
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Me}^{(1)}$	[-]			1,	33					
Stainless steel grade 1.4529	$\frac{M^{o}_{Rk,s}}{\gamma_{Ms}^{1}}$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Ms} 1)	[-]			1,	25					
Concrete pryout failure											
Factor k from TR 029				2							
Design of bonded anchors, Part 5.2.3.3											
Partial safety factor γ_{Mp}^{1} [-]				1,5							
Concrete edge failure			1/0		1440		1466				
Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24			
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical F		TR 029	for the	e Desig			Ancho	ors			
Partial safety factor	γ _{Mc} ¹⁾	[-]			1	,5					
¹⁾ In absence of national regulations											

Table C2: Design method TR 029 Characteristic values of resistance to shear load

Performances

Characteristic resistance for shear loads

Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS

Anchor size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24
Tension load	F	[kN]	6,3	7,9	11,9	23,8	29,8	45,6
Displacement	δ_{N0}	[mm]	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,5	0,7	0,9
	δ_{N^∞}	[mm]	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4
Shear load	F	[kN]	5,2	8,3	12,0	22,4	35,0	50,4
Displacement	δ_{V0}	[mm]	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,4	0,8	1,5
	δ _{V∞}	[mm]	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,6	1,2	2,3

Table C3: Displacement under tension and shear load

Ripple P Fix, Ripple P Fix EC, Ripple P Fix FS

Performances Displacement Annex C 3